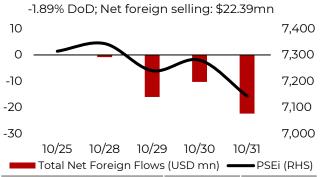
## **The Morning View**

November 4, 2024

## Philippine Stock Exchange Index



	Level	DoD
PSEi	7,142.96	-1.89%
3-mo bond yield	5.33%	+2.60 bps
2-yr bond yield	5.64%	+0.76 bps
10-yr bond yield	5.88%	+0.04 bps
USDPHP	58.10	-0.22%
Oil (Brent, \$ / barrel)	73.10	-0.08%

\*As of October 31, 2024

The Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) projects that headline inflation accelerated to a range of 2.0% to 2.8% in October. The BSP cited higher food and fuel prices, as well as the peso depreciation as the main drivers of inflation for the month.

Manila Electric Company's (PSE Ticker: MER) Terra Solar project achieved 73% overall progress, slightly ahead of 2026 schedule. MER's subsidiary, SP New Energy Corp., is developing a solar project consisting of a 3,500-megawatt solar power plant and a 4,000-megawatt-hour energy storage system.

**Local equities** fell as investors took profits and digested data showing that the national government's outstanding debt reached a record high as of end-September. Investors also stayed cautious ahead of the US presidential elections. The PSEi closed at 7,142.96 (-1.89% DoD).

**Local fixed income yields** increased as investors weighed higher local October inflation expectations, with the BSP forecasting 2.0% to 2.8%. On average, yields rose by 1.27 bps, with the 2Y closing at 5.64% (+0.76 bps) and the 10Y closing at 5.88% (+0.04 bps).

The **Philippine peso** strengthened ahead of the release of the US nonfarm payrolls in October and the US Personal Consumption Expenditures (PCE) inflation data in September. The USD/PHP pair closed at 58.10 (-0.22% DoD).

The US core personal consumption expenditures (PCE) price index inflation, the US Federal Reserve's preferred inflation gauge, held steady at 2.7% YoY in September. This was above market consensus of 2.6% and was driven by services inflation.

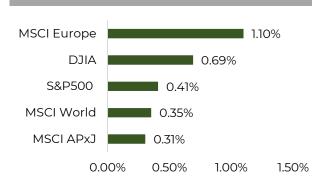
US nonfarm payrolls rose by 12,000 in October (September revised: 223,000), below market's estimates of 100,000. The significant drag was driven by labor strikes in the aerospace industry and the shortened collection period of payrolls due to Hurricanes Helene and Milton.

**US equities** climbed due to Amazon's stronger-than-expected results. Gains were capped by a sharp drop in US job growth in October and the uncertainty ahead of the US elections. The S&P 500 closed 5,728.80 at (+0.41% DoD) and the DJIA closed at 42,052.19 (+0.69 DoD).

**US Treasury yields** rose as investors digested the faster-than-expected September core PCE inflation print. On average, yields rose by 5.15 bps, with the 2Y closing at 4.21% (+3.80 bps) and the 10Y closing at 4.39% (+10.00 bps).

The **US dollar** strengthened as steady October jobless rate of 4.1% and a slight rise in average hourly earnings growth to 4.0% signaled labor market resilience. The DXY closed at 104.28 (+0.29% DoD).

## **Global Stock Indices**



	Level	DoD
S&P 500	5,728.80	+0.41%
DJIA	42,052.19	+0.69%
3-mo US Treasury yield	4.53%	-2.50 bps
2-yr US Treasury yield	4.21%	+3.80 bps
10-yr US Treasury yield	4.39%	+10.00 bps
DXY	104.28	+0.29%

\*As of November 1, 2024

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